## HERPETILES AND FISH

## AN UPDATED LIST OF THE FISHES OF SASKATCHEWAN

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The Saskatchewan Conservation Data Centre provides information for the conservation of Saskatchewan's biological diversity (see article on page 189 this issue). A basic role of the Centre is to maintain up-to-date species lists with Provincial and Global species' ranks (a species' estimated status) based on standardized methods developed by The Nature Conservancy over the past 24 years. An updated list of the fishes of Saskatchewan is presented (Table 1).

Recognizing that all ranking systems are meant to categorize species using artificial criteria and within non-biological political jurisdictions, and that information available for most species is often minimal at best, these lists are best thought of as preliminary or "working" documents. Their usefulness lies in providing a framework upon which discussions and suggestions for revisions can follow. They also identify gaps in our knowledge and help focus and priorize future research and conservation efforts. If you have suggestions for improving the list (i.e., additions, deletions, or changes), or information on the occurrence of rare Saskatchewan fish species (SRANK $\leq$ S3, see below), please contact the Saskatchewan Conservation Data Centre. Updated species lists are available from the Centre.

## SPECIES RANKS

Brief definitions of global and provincial species ranks used by the Centre (denoted as GRANK and SRANK, respectively) are given below. Contact the Saskatchewan Conservation Data Centre for a more complete explanation of these ranks, including the use of ranking qualifiers for questionable species, subspecies and varieties, and the priority sequence of ranks.

## GRANKs

G1 = critically imperiled globally
G2 = imperiled globally
G3 = either very rare and local throughout its range or found locally in a restricted range
G4 = apparently secure globally
G5 = demonstrably secure globally
GH = of historical occurrence throughout its range
GU = possibly in peril range-wide but status uncertain
GX = believed to be extinct throughout range
G ? = not ranked to date
$\mathrm{GQ}=$ taxonomic status uncertain

## SRANKs

S1 = Critically imperiled in the province $\mathrm{S} 2=$ Imperiled in the province S3 = Rare or uncommon in the province
S4 = Widespread, abundant, and apparently secure in the province,but with cause for long-term concern
S5 = Demonstrably widespread, abundant, and secure

S\#S\# = Numeric range rank
S? = Unranked
SE = Exotic
SA =Accidental
SP $=$ Potential
SR = Reported
SRF = Reported falsely
SH = Historical
SU = Unrankable
SX = Extirpated

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## LITERATURE

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HYBOGNATHUS HANKINSONI NOTEMIGONUS CRYSOLEUCAS NOTROPIS ATHERINOIDES NOTROPIS BLENNIUS NOTROPIS DORSALIS NOTROPIS HETERODON NOTROPIS HETEROLEPIS NOTROPIS HUDSONIUS NOTROPIS STRAMINEUS NOTROPIS TEXANUS NOTROPIS VOLUCELLUS SOWO $S O N \forall 7 \exists W$ SIdOY $1 O N$ PHOXINUS EOS



## HIODON TERGISUS FAMILY: CENTRARCHIDAE



[^0] FAMILY: SCIAENIDAE
APLODINOTUS GRUNNIENS FAMILY: PERCOPSIDAE FAMILY: ESOCIDAE ESOX LUCIUS FAMILY: SALMONIDAE COREGONUS CLUPEAFORMIS COREGONUS NIGRIPINNIS COREGONUS ZENITHICUS ONCORHYNCHUS NERKA
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ONCORHYNCHUS CLARKI
PROSOPIUM CYLINDRACEUM PROSOPIUM WILLIAMSONI SALMO TRUTTA
SALVELINUS FONTINALIS SALVELINUS NAMAYCUSH
THYMALLUS ARCTICUS
ARCTIC GRAYLING
CENTRAL MUDMINNOW

> DEEPWATER SCULPIN

＊Drainage Basins： $\mathrm{G}=$ Gulf of Mexico（Missouri）， $\mathrm{HB}=$ Hudson Bay， $\mathrm{A}=$ Arctic


[^0]:    FAMILY: PERCIDAE ETHEOSTOMA EXILE ETHEOSTOMA NIGRUM PERCA FLAVESCENS PERCINA CAPRODES PERCINA MACULATA PERCINA SHUMARDI STIZOSTEDION CANADENSE STIZOSTEDION CANADENSE
    STIZOSTEDION VITREUM

