Botulism at Old Wives Lake

by Fred G. Bard, Saskatchewan Museum of Natural History



Photo by Bard

ARLENE AND LORENE BARD WITH A SICK DUCK

The island on Old Wives Lake was visited on August 17, 1957, fo the purpose of pickin up the zoology fiel camp where Dr. R. W Nero and Fred Lahrman carried out behaviou studies of the Wester Grebe. The pelica young were about read to fly and four wer taken for the Calgar Zoo.

While travelling to th island we observe ducks diving to escap the boat. They appeare to swim and dive wit difficulty. As I watche them I thought of th

ing botulism. We landed in the south bay of the "Isle of Bays." Here sever: ducks were found dead and dying on the shore. These showed the usua

symptoms of botulism, green around the vent and paralysis.

To make a survey I walked a quarter of a mile along the beach each way from our landing point. The following dead birds were found it this area: Mallard, 19; Pintail, 22; American Widgeon, 1; Double-creste Cormoran, 1; Ring-billed Gull, 3; total 46. All are believed to have die from botulism. No attempt was made to search the vegetation for other from botulism. No attempt was made to search the vegetation for other birds which probably would have sought shelter when about to die.

GREAT HORNED OWL TRAVELS 450 MILES

A Great Horned Owl, banded as a nestling on May 24, 1956, near Yorkto by Dr. Stuart Houston, was found injured and blind in one eye at Bluffto Minnesota on Dec. 17, 1957, by Gary Schwartz, who reported that it die two days later. This owl had wandered some 450 air-line miles, which more than is usually expected for a non-migratory species.



Photo by F. W. Lohrman

WHISTLING SWAN IN SPRING MIGRATION, 1958