migration for both these species. At least three Purple Finches hit picture windows and were brought for identification.

- **Bobolink**—always scarce and local, have been located in at least six areas within a 30-mile radius of Saskatoon. Largest colony— 12 males—6 miles north and 4 miles west of Saskatoon. B. Gollop.
- Lark Bunting—first Saskatoon records. Five males near the Forestry Farm, June 8 and 10, 1960. B. Gollop. One on Highway #5, 13 miles east of city. R. Folker.
- Chestnut-collared Longspur first Saskatoon record—small colony in pasture, just west of Burke Lake, 15 miles east of Saskatoon. Further study will be made of these birds. R. Folker, J. Hogg, F. Roy.

INFLUX OF LARK BUNTINGS AT HAWARDEN

by Harold Kvinge, Hawarden

We have had an influx of Lark Buntings into this area this summer. There are perhaps a dozen pairs just northwest of our buildings. I presume they are nesting as they have been around for some weeks, although I have not so far found any nests (up to July 15). This is the largest concentration of these birds in this district since maybe 1937 when they were all around here.

EDITOR'S NOTE: The movement of Lark Buntings northward into south-central Saskatchewan during the past two years has been noted with interest by birders in various, districts. A year ago in the Blue Jay (XVII:129) we printed several reports of the increase of Lark Buntings in 1959 in areas where they had been scarce for some years. This year I have seen them commonly around Regina where, until they reappeared in small numbers last year, they have been more or less absent since the thirties, at which time they were considered a common breeding resident. At Moose Jaw, too, I have noted that they seem to be as common this year as during the thirties. North of Hawarden where Mr. Kvinge reports them as abundant, the Saskatoon Natural History Society is reporting Lark Buntings for the first time this year (see previous article in this issue by Frank Roy).

A REPORT ON SPRING MIGRATION IN THE REGINA AREA, 1960

Again this year members of the staff of the Saskatchewan Museum of Natural History and of the Bird Group of the Regina Natural History Society co-operated in a study of spring migration in the Regina area. Records submitted to the Museum and filed by Frank Brazier have been used as the basis for the following list of early arrival dates. A few additional dates were submitted to Margaret Belcher by members of the Bird Group and these have also been incorporated in the list.

SPRING ARRIVAL DATES, 1960

Species	Date
Horned Grebe (2)	. April 23
Eared Grebe (2)	May 4
Western Grebe (1)	May 8
Pied-billed Grebe (2)	May 2
Double-crested Cormorant (2)	May 12
Black-crowned Night Heron (2)	May 1
Whistling Swan (4)	April 11
Canada Goose (a few)	April 5
White-fronted Goose (40)	April 9

Snow Goose	April 20
Blue Goose (2)	. April 9
Gadwall (4)	April 23
Pintail (23)	March 31
Green-winged Teal	April 14
Blue-winged Teal (2)	April 21
American Widgeon	. April 7
Shoveler (6)	April 10
Redhead. (2)	April 10
Ring-necked Duck (2)	April 17
Canvasback (1)	. April 8
Lesser Scaup (14)	April 10
Common Goldeneye (5)	April 1
Bufflehead	April 17
Common Merganser (8)	March 31
Red-breasted Merganser (1)	. April 10
Sharp-shinned Hawk (1)	April 12
Marsh Hawk (1)	. April 6
Cooper's Hawk (1)	April 12
Red-tailed Hawk (1)	April 9
Bread-winged Hawk (1)	May 3
Rough-legged Hawk (1)	March 27
Ferruginous Hawk (1)	May 6
Bald Eagle (1)	April 11
Sparrow Hawk (1)	. April 11
Sandhill Crane (50)	
American Coot (1)	April 15